## IN THE CLAIMS

## 1. (currently amended)A compound of formula 1

wherein

 $\mathbb{R}^1$ 

(i) is -C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, straight-chain or branched-chain, optionally monoor polysubstituted by -OH, -SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, NHC<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, N(C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl)<sub>27</sub>-NHC<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl, N(C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl)<sub>27</sub>-NHC<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl, N(C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl)(C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl), NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, F, Cl, Br, I, O-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, O-C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl, SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl, OSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, OSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl, COOH, (CO)C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl, COO C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl, OSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl, COOH, or tricyclic saturated or mono- or polyunsaturated carbocycles with 3-I4 ring members or/and by mono , bi- or tricyclic saturated or mono- or polyunsaturated heterocycles with 5-15 ring members and 1-6 heteroatoms, which are preferably N, O and S,

wherein the C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl groups and the carbocyclic and heterocyclic substituents in turn are substituted one or more times by -NO<sub>2</sub> and may optionally be substituted one or more times by -C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl,

-OH, -NH2, -NHC1-6-alkyl, -N(C1-6-alkyl)2, -NO2, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -O-C1-6-alkyl, -NH2, -NH2, -NHC1-6-alkyl, -NH2, -NH2, -NHC1-6-alkyl, -NH2, -NH2, -NH2, -NHC1-6-alkyl, -NH2, -NH2,

S-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -OSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -COOH, -(CO)C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl, -COO-C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl or/and -O(CO)C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl, and wherein the alkyl groups on the carbocyclic and heterocyclic substituents in turn may optionally be substituted one or more times by -OH, -SH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -SO<sub>3</sub>H or/and -COOH, or

(ii)is—C<sub>2-10</sub>-alkenyl, mono—or polyunsaturated, straight chain-or branched chain, optionally mono—or polysubstituted by—OH,—SH,—NH2,—NHC<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl,—N(C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,—NHC<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl,—N(C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl)<sub>2</sub>,—N(C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl)(C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl),—NO<sub>2</sub>,—CN,—F,—Cl,—Br,—I,—O—C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl,—O—C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl,—S—C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl,—S—C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl,—S—O<sub>2</sub>H,—SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl,—SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6-14</sub>-aryl,—COOH,—(CO)C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl,—COOH,—COOC<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl,—O(CO)C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl,—by mono—, bi—or tricyclic saturated or mono—or polyunsaturated carbocycles with 3-14 ring members or/and by mono—, bi—or tricyclic saturated or mono—or polyunsaturated heterocycles with 5-15 ring members and 1-6 heteroatoms, which are preferably N, O and S,

wherein the  $C_{6.14}$  aryl groups and the carbocyclic and heterocyclic substituents in turn may optionally be substituted one or more times by  $C_{1.6}$  alkyl,  $-OH_1$ ,  $-NH_2$ , -N

and wherein the alkyl groups on the carbocyclic and heterocylic substituents in turn may optionally be substituted one or more times by OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, F, Cl, Br, I, SO<sub>2</sub>H or/and COOH,

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or -C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl,

 $R^3$ ,  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  R4 and R5 are hydrogen or a hydroxyl group, wherein at least one of these substituents must be a hydroxyl group,

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> may be identical or different and are hydrogen, -C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -OH, -SH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NHC<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -N(C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -COOH, -COO-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -O(CO)-C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -O-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -S-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl, -phenyl or -pyridyl, wherein the phenyl or pyridyl substituents in turn may optionally be substituted one or more times by -C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -OH, -SH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NHC<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -N(C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -COOH, -COOC<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -O-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -S-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, or/and -O(CO)C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, and wherein the alkyl substituents in turn may optionally be substituted one or more times by -OH, -SH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -COOH, -COOC<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -O-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -S-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, or/and -O(CO)-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -COOH, -COOC<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -O-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, -S-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl, or/and -O(CO)-C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl,

or salts of the compounds of formula 1.

- 2. (previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 1 having at least one asymmetric carbon atom in the D form, the L form and D,L mixtures, and in the case of a plurality of asymmetric carbon atoms also the diastereomeric forms.
- 3. (previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or a methyl group.
- 4. (previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $R^3 = -H$ ,  $R^4 = H$  and  $R^5 = -OH$ .
- (previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 1, wherein at least one of R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> is a halogen atom.
- 6. (currently amended) A compound according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

N (3,5 dichlere 1 exepyridin 4-yl)-[1 (4 fluorobenzyl) 7 hydroxyindol 3-yl]glyoxylamide;
25543188.1

N-(3,5-dichloro-1-oxopyridin-4-yl)-[1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-7hydroxyindol-3-yl]glyoxylamide;

N-(3,5-diehloro-1-exopyridin 4-yl) [1-(2-ehlorobenzyl)-7hydroxyindol-3 yl]glyoxylamide;

N-(3,5 dichloro 1 oxopyridin 4 yl) [1-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl) hydroxyindol-3 yllglyoxylamide;

N (1-exopyridin 4-yi) [1 (4-fluorobenzyl) 7-hydroxyindol-3yl]glyoxylamide;

N (3,5 dichloro 1-exepyridin 4-yl)-[1 (4-fluorobenzyl) 4hydroxyindol-3 yl]glyoxylamide;

N-(3,5-dichloro-1-oxopyridin-4-yl)-[7-hydroxy-1-(3-nitrobenzyl)indol-3-yl]glyoxylamide;

N-(3,5-dichloro-1-oxopyridin-4-yl)-[7-hydroxy-1-(2-nitrobenzyl)indol-3-yl]glyoxylamide;

N (3,5 dichloro 1 oxopyridin 4 yl) [1-(2,6 difluorobenzyl) 7hydroxyindol 3-yl]glyoxylamide;

N (3,5 dichloro 1 exepyridin 4 yl) (7-hydroxy 1-isobutylindel 3yl)glyoxylamide:

N (3,5-dichloro 1 окоругіdin-1 yl) (1-cyclopropyl-methyl 7hydroxyindol-3-yl)glyoxylamide;

N (3,5 dichloro 1 exepyridin 4 yl)-[7-hydroxy-1 (4-hydroxybenzyl) indol-3 yllglyoxylamide;

N-(3,5-dichloro-1-oxopyridin-4-yl) N-methyl [1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-hydroxyindol-3-yl]glyoxylamide;

N (3,5 dichloro-1 exepyridin 4 yl) (1 (4 fluorobenzyl) 6-hydroxyindol 3-yl]glyoxylamide;

N-(1-oxopyridin-4-yl)-[1-(2-chlorobenzyl)-6 hydroxyindol-3-yl]glyoxylamide;

and physiologically tolerated salts thereof.

- 7. (canceled)
- 8. (currently amended) A process for comprising preparing a compound of claim 1 by 1, comprising converting N-(pyridine-4-yl)-indol-3-ylglyoxylamides of formula 2

into the analogous N-(1-oxopyridin-4-yl)-indol-3-ylglyoxylamides of formula 1 by treatment with an oxidizing agent, and forming the compound by eliminating a protective group.

FULBRIGHT JAWORSKI

- 9. (currently amended) The A process as claimed in claim 8, said oxidizing agent is selected from the group consisting of a peracid and a peracetic acid.
- 10. (currently amended) A method of treating disorders in which inhibition of phosphodiesterase 4 is therapeutically beneficial comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to of claim 1 to treat the disorder.
- 11. (currently amended) A method of treating disorders associated with the effect of eosinophils comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to of claim 1 to a patient in need thereof to treat the disorder.
- 12. (currently amended) A method of treating disorders associated with the effect of neutrophils comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to of claim 1 to a patient in need thereof to treat the disorder.
- 13. (currently amended) A method of treating a hyperproliferative disorder comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to of claim 1 to a patient in need thereof to treat the hyperproliferative disorder.
- 14. (currently amended) A drug product comprising a compound of claim 1 and a at least one conventional physiologically tolerated carrier, diluent and excipient.
- 15. (currently amended) A process for producing a drug product comprising admixing a compound of claim 1 with a at least one conventional pharmaceutical carrier, diluent or excipient to form the drug product.

- 16. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a at least one compound according to claim 1 and at least one additional active pharmaceutical agent.
- 17. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 8, wherein said oxidizing agent is m-chloroperbenzoic acid.